

**LAUSCHTOUR**

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## City map

### Places of interest

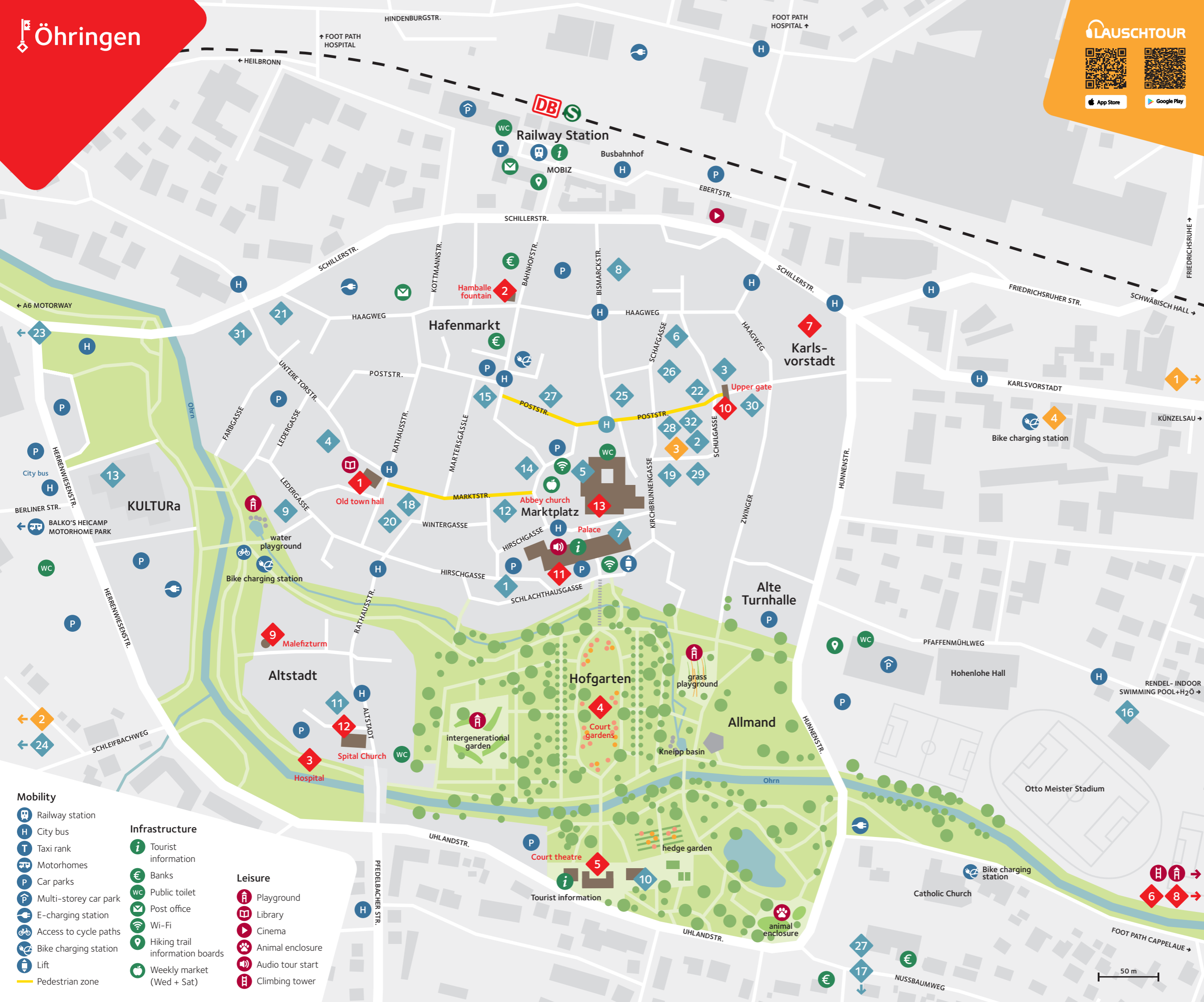
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### Museums

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- 2 Motor and Glass Museum
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### Food & drink and accommodation (A)

- 1 Coffee & more lovepresso
- 2 Ristorante Pizzeria Da Pino
- 3 Ristorante Pizzeria Da Vinci
- 4 Café de Paris
- 5 CATALEYA Food & Wine
- 6 Pita Pan Grill & Bar
- 7 Café Erich
- 8 Bistro Geist organic shop and bistro
- 9 Café-Bistro Hamballe
- 10 Court theatre restaurant
- 11 Pub Key West
- 12 Brauereigasthof Krone (A)
- 13 Restaurant KULTURA
- 14 Die Bäckerei in Bauernhand bakery
- 15 Café am Markt
- 16 Restaurant Mediterraneo
- 17 Restaurant Namaste India
- 18 Nussknacker 1964
- 19 Offenhäuser bakery
- 20 Saigon restaurant
- 21 Restaurant Hellas am Schillerplatz (A)
- 22 Simonetti ice cream
- 23 Sinzinger's Krone (Unterohrn) (A)
- 24 Sporthotel (A)
- 25 Spuntino ice cream
- 26 Thong Thai
- 27 Trunk bakery
- 28 Vivo Café, wine & more
- 29 'Zum Rektor' bar
- 30 Hotel Württemberger Hof (A)
- 31 Krua Thai Restaurant
- 32 EparVin Wine Shop & Bar



### Mobility

- Railway station
- City bus
- Taxi rank
- Motorhomes
- Car parks
- Multi-storey car park
- E-charging station
- Access to cycle paths
- Bike charging station
- Lift
- Pedestrian zone

### Infrastructure

- Tourist information
- Banks
- Public toilet
- Post office
- Wi-Fi
- Hiking trail information boards
- Weekly market (Wed + Sat)

### Leisure

- Playground
- Library
- Cinema
- Animal enclosure
- Audio tour start
- Climbing tower





Town map with tourist guide

Öhringen is located in the Hohenlohe district, just a few kilometres from the A81 motorway. By rail, Öhringen can be reached via Deutsche Bahn regional trains and the S4 city rail line from the direction of Karlsruhe and Heilbronn.



**Tourist information in the Kulturvilla**  
 Large district city of Öhringen  
 Umlandstraße 23 · 74613 Öhringen  
 Phone +49 7941 68-118 · e-mail: [tourist@oehringen.de](mailto:tourist@oehringen.de)  
 Monday to Friday 8:30 am-12 am,  
 Monday to Wednesday 2 pm-4 pm, Thu 2 pm-6 pm

**Tourist Information branch offices:**  
 Brochure box, Marktplatz 15 · 74613 Öhringen

**Town hall centre**  
 Marktplatz 15 · 74613 Öhringen · Phone +49 7941 68-0  
 Monday to Wednesday 8:15 am-4:15 pm, Thursday 8:15 am-6 pm,  
 Friday 8:15 am-12:15 am

**Central railway station MOBIZ**  
 Bahnhof 1 · 74613 Öhringen  
 Monday to Friday 7:15 am-6:30 pm,  
 Saturday 9 am-12:30 pm  
[mobiz@nvh.de](mailto:mobiz@nvh.de) · [nvh.de](http://nvh.de)

[oehringen.de](http://oehringen.de)  
[hohenlohe-perlen.de](http://hohenlohe-perlen.de)



### Old town hall 1

The building was built in 1496 during the reign of Count Kraft VI von Hohenlohe and rebuilt in 1504 after a fire. There's a monument to Count Kraft in the form of the figurine on the corner of the house. The Gothic portals on the ground floor originally led into an open market hall. Today, the Hohenlohe, Öhringen and Württemberg coats of arms can be seen on the façade. Inside, the magnificently furnished assembly hall, designed around 1600, has remained intact. Today, the Old Town Hall is used as a library.

### Hamballe fountain 2

In the Hohenlohe dialect, a 'Hamballe' is a simple-minded but good-natured person. In 1986, the sculptor Hermann Koziol created a permanent monument to this beloved local character in Öhringen: the Hamballe waters the flowers even in the pouring rain, whilst the inscription identifies him as the archetype of high-minded simplicity.

### Hospital 3

The Öhringen hospital was founded in 1353 by Anna von Hohenlohe. In the following centuries, it provided a place to live for elderly and infirm people, who enjoyed the right to permanent residence and care there. This continued until the early 20th century. The buildings were later used as a youth hostel and finally as residential accommodation. There's a medicinal herb garden with information boards about the plants grown there, located behind the hospital.



### Court gardens 4

The court gardens of the palace already existed during the Renaissance. It was expanded and redesigned in Baroque style at the beginning of the 18th century, with typical features of an English landscape garden added later. The Hofgarten has been open to the public since 1806; in 1961, ownership passed from the ruling family to the city. With its playgrounds, quiet spots, plenty of water and the animal enclosure, it is the verdant heart of Öhringen and an important recreational area for residents and visitors alike.

### Court theatre 5

The building was constructed in 1743

as a count's entertainment house. During a renovation carried out in 1787, a two-storey ballroom and a small theatre were added to the upper floor. On either side of the building are two conservatories where exotic and cold-sensitive plants were overwintered.

### Hohenlohe barn 6

The Hohenlohe Barn was built in 2016 as part of the Regional Garden Show and has been a popular destination for excursions and stopovers ever since. During the warm season, it is run by various local wineries, which also serve a selection of tasty snacks. Information: [hohenloher-scheune.de](http://hohenloher-scheune.de)

### Karlsvorstadt 7

The eastern suburb was created starting in 1780 during the reign of Prince Ludwig Friedrich Karl zu Hohenlohe-Oehringen as a uniform grid of streets in the classical style. Some of these stately buildings were used for administrative purposes or as palaces for the ruling family, whilst others served as residences, for example for civil servants or wealthy craftsmen.

### Limes Dreiklang 8

Two Roman forts guarding the Limes and the settlement of Vicus Aurelianus were located in the area of today's city of Öhringen. Today, a 450-metre-long copper beech hedge marks the course of the Limes. The Limes Blick viewing platform offers a marvellous view of the surrounding area, and the monumental Limestor gate also serves as a reminder of Öhringen's Roman past.

### Malefizturm 9

The Romanesque round tower, with its conical roof and round-arched frieze, was once used as a remand prison and for serving short prison sentences. This is still reflected today in the term 'Malefiz', which can be translated as 'crime' or 'evil deed'.



### Upper gate 10

The Upper Gate was built in 1792 on the site of a medieval gate tower. The design is inspired by the Brandenburg Gate in Berlin. To the left and right of the clock are the coat of arms and the initials of Prince Ludwig Friedrich Karl

zu Hohenlohe-Oehringen, the patron of the building. Until the middle of the 19th century, the gate could still be closed with iron gate wings.

### Palace 11

The palace was built by 1616 as a widow's residence of Countess Magdalena von Hohenlohe-Weikersheim. The Long Building, with its driveway to the palace courtyard and octagonal steeple, dates from this period. In 1677, Öhringen became the count's residence under Magdalena's grandson, Johann Friedrich I of Hohenlohe-Oehringen. The count extended the original palace building to include a royal stable compound, which also housed the stables for the nobility. In 1775, the coach house was added as a second extension. At the same time, the open staircase leading from the palace courtyard to the court gardens was built; it has since been renovated. In 1814, the Prinzenbau, situated to the north-west and designed in the classical style, was added as the most recent part of the palace complex. In 1806, when Hohenlohe was ceded to Württemberg, the palace ceased to serve as a royal residence. From the 19th century onwards, the ruling family lived mainly in Silesia and did not return to Öhringen and the palace until 1945. In 1961, the city bought the building, which is now used as the town hall. The original furnishings

have only been partially preserved, for example in the Rococo Library, the Landscape Room and the Blue Hall, which was lavishly and grandly decorated in 1848.

### Hospital church 12

The medieval hospital church was built in 1376 as a place of worship for the residents of the neighbouring hospital and is dedicated to St. Anne. The church underwent several renovations over the following centuries and is now owned by the Protestant parish of Öhringen.



### Abbey church 13

In the 11th century, Bishop Gebhard of Regensburg and his mother, Adelheid of Metz, founded a collegiate chapter, for which an earlier church was rebuilt as a Romanesque basilica. Later conversions and extensions characterise the church's current form. The cloister of the collegiate chapter and the crypt, containing the sarcophagus of the founder, Adelheid, have been preserved to this day. The

carved high altar, dating from 1498, depicts the Virgin and Child and four figures of saints. In the early modern period, the church served as an important burial ground for the Hohenlohe family. This is also evidenced by the five epitafs in the chancel, which are of significant importance in art history. In the cloister there is a memorial to the fallen of both world wars and to the 42 Jewish citizens who were murdered during the Nazi era.

### Oceanographic Museum 14

Interesting overview of all mussel and snail species from all the world's oceans, including freak snails, albinos, dwarf and giant forms. There are also corals, crabs, chitons and a variety of different shark jaws with up to 6-cm-long, razor-sharp teeth. Höhenweg 6, 74613 Öhringen-Cappel Phone +49 7941 62826 [meeresmuseum-oehringen.de](http://meeresmuseum-oehringen.de) Open: Sunday 2 pm-5pm, by appointment

### Motor and Glass Museum 15

With a passion for history and stories, the founder of the Motor and Glass Museum collected luxury cars, iconic motorbikes, works of glass art, enamel advertising signs, jukeboxes, cameras and everyday design objects. Stettiner Straße 22 (industrial estate west), 74613 Öhringen

Phone +49 7941 8027  
[motormuseum-oehringen.de](http://motormuseum-oehringen.de)  
 Open: April-October  
 Tue to Thu 1 pm-4 pm,  
 1st Sunday of the month  
 1 pm-5 pm, groups on request

### Pflaumer workshop 16

The small Pflaumer workshop ran for three generations, from 1882 to 1992. In 1993, it was sold unchanged to the city of Öhringen. Now that it has been catalogued, it can be preserved as a unique cultural monument. Schulgasse 14, 74613 Öhringen Information by the city of Öhringen: Phone +49 7941 68-118 or -146 (on request)

### Weygang-Museum 17

The Weygang Museum traces its origins back to the master pewterer and manufacturer August Weygang (1859-1946). Pewter and folk art from various historical periods, along with documents and artefacts relating to the city's history, promise an engaging visit. The Roman cellar in the basement and the Limes Container are sure to appeal to history enthusiasts. Karlsvorstadt 38, 74613 Öhringen [weygang-museum.de](http://weygang-museum.de) Opening hours from May 2026: every first Sunday from 11 am-4 pm